§ 24.68

(3) Breakage, destruction, or damage (excluding theft) resulting from vandalism or malicious mischief, are found in 27 CFR part 70, subpart G.

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[T.D. ATF-299, 55 FR 24989, June 19, 1990, as amended by T.D. ATF-376, 61 FR 31030, June 19, 1996; T.D. TTB-8, 69 FR 3830, Jan. 27, 2004]

§ 24.68 Insurance coverage.

The remission, abatement, refund, credit, or other relief, of taxes on wine or spirits provided for under this part will be allowed only to the extent that the claimant is not indemnified or recompensed for such tax by any valid claim of insurance or otherwise. (Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1382, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5064, 5371))

§24.69 Filing of claims.

- (a) *Claims*. All claims filed under this part for abatement, refund, credit, or remission of tax will be filed on TTB F 5620.8 (2635). Each claim filed under this part will:
- (1) Show the name, address, and title of the claimant;
- (2) Be signed by the claimant or the duly authorized agent of the claimant; and
- (3) Be executed under the penalties of perjury.
- (b) Supporting documents. Forms, supporting statements, and any other documents required by this part to be submitted with a claim will be attached to the claim and be considered a part of the claim. The appropriate TTB officer may require the submission of additional evidence in support of any claim filed under this part. (Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1381, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5064, 5370))

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[T.D. ATF-299, 55 FR 24989, June 19, 1990, as amended by T.D. ATF-409, 64 FR 13683, Mar. 22, 1999]

§24.70 Claims for credit of tax.

Claims for credit of tax, as provided in this part, may be filed after determination of the tax whether or not the tax has been paid. Where a claim for credit of tax is filed, the claimant shall, upon receipt of notification of allowance of credit from the appropriate TTB officer, make an adjusting entry on the next tax return (or returns) to the extent necessary to exhaust the credit. The claimant shall also make an explanatory statement on each tax return specifically identifying the notification of allowance of credit. The claimant may not anticipate allowance of a credit or make an adjusting entry in a tax return until TTB has acted on the claim. (Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1332, as amended, 1335, as amended, 1381, as amended, 1395, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5043, 5044, 5061, 5370, 5555))

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[T.D. ATF-299, 55 FR 24989, June 19, 1990, as amended by T.D. ATF-409, 64 FR 13683, Mar. 22, 1999]

TAX EXEMPT WINE

§24.75 Wine for personal or family use.

- (a) *General*. Any adult may, without payment of tax, produce wine for personal or family use and not for sale.
- (b) *Quantity*. The aggregate amount of wine that may be produced exempt from tax with respect to any household may not exceed:
- (1) 200 gallons per calendar year for a household in which two or more adults reside, or
- (2) 100 gallons per calendar year if there is only one adult residing in the household.
- (c) Definition of an adult. For the purposes of this section, an adult is any individual who is 18 years of age or older. However, if the locality in which the household is located has established by law a greater minimum age at which wine may be sold to individuals, the term "adult" will mean an individual who has attained that age.
- (d) Proprietors of bonded wine premises. Any adult, defined in §24.75(c), who operates a bonded wine premises as an individual owner or in partnership with others, may produce wine and remove it from the bonded wine premises free of tax for personal or family use, subject to the limitations in §24.75(b).
- (e) *Limitation*. This exemption should not in any manner be construed as authorizing the production of wine in violation of applicable State or local law.